

THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS  
BUREAU OF ECONOMIC GEOLOGY  
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The mimeographed circulars issued from the Bureau of Economic Geology contain the record of cores and cuttings from wells received and described in the Bureau. In some instances driller's logs and other data are given, although it is usually impracticable to include logs of all wells, the logs given being selected as representative of the county or area to which the circular relates. The elevations given are for the most part those reported with the driller's log. In some instances the elevation given, as indicated, is that obtained from the location of the well on the topographic map. In all cases the elevation is to be regarded as approximate only.

E. H. Sellards

Record of Waring Well in Concho County

Waring Ranch Well No. 1, Leonard Petroleum Co.

	<u>Depth in feet to:</u>		<u>Depth in feet to:</u>
soil, none, 18" hole	0	soft white slate	834
lins	1	medium gray lime	863
gravel bed	8	black slate	876
soft gray lime	23	soft red, red rock; 4 blrs. water	
soft gray lime	53	887, 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ " csg.	879
soft black slate	60	soft white slate	884
hard black lime; drew hole in		soft gray sand	896
to 16"	85	red, red rock	901
soft black slate	92	slate and shell	911
hard black lime	119	soft gray sand; 4 blrs. water	916
soft white slate	129	slate and shell	965
hard black lime	149	hard gray lime	1050
soft black slate	156	red, red rock; 10" csg.	1055
blue hard lime; hitch on beam		hard lime	1058
225'	256	soft red rock; caved	1098
soft black slate	296	hard lime rock	1108
hard black lime	311	hard red rock; caved	1150
slate and shells, hard and		lime rock; 1160 underreamed 10"	
soft, black	350	to 1180 (caved hole full water)	1160
hard, white lime; smell of oil		red rock	1195
at 375'	368	hard gray lime	1215
slate and shells	450	soft white sand	1222
hard white lime	470	soft white slate	1270
slate and shells; drew hole		hard black lime; underreamed 10"	
in at 576 to 12"	570	to 1222 caving bad 2-7th	1290
hard blue lime	580	red rock and shells	1315
soft black slate	600	soft gray sand	1327
hard black lime	670	soft gray slate	1360
soft white slate	760	hard black lime	1380
soft gray, sandy lime	766	soft black slate, quit cav.	1400
soft mud	769	hard black lime	1410
hard gray lime	800	soft blue slate	1455
soft black slate	806	brown sand, gas	1475
hard gray lime	830	black slate	1500

	<u>Depth in feet to:</u>		<u>Depth in feet to:</u>
soft red rock	1505	slate	2245
soft black slate	1515	gray lime	2340
soft gray, sandy lime	1525	black slate	2364
soft black slate	1530	black lime	2370
hard black lime	1535	black slate	2380
soft black slate	1575	red rock	2390
hard black lime	1600	gray lime	2395
soft black slate	1605	red rock	2400
hard black lime	1615	lime	2480
soft black slate	1640	white slate	2492
hard black lime	1675	black slate	2555
soft black shale	1690	white lime	2560
hard white lime; little water at 1700'	1705	gray lime	2590
soft red, red rock	1708	black slate	2630
hard white lime	1713	gray lime	2660
soft red, red rock	1735	red rock	2680
hard white lime; hole full water	1745	sand	2720
soft white sand	1750	gray lime	2725
hard white lime (1750) 8 in.	1775	white sand, water	2740
soft black slate	1790	brown slate	2800
soft red, red rock	1810	sand; 5" hole, little water	2812
soft black slate	1825	black slate	2870
soft black lime; 8" pipe	1850	black lime	2800
black slate	1890	sand, oil; oil several bailers	2888
soft gray lime	1900	limy sand	2915
soft black slate	1920	sand	2930
soft gray lime	1969	black lime	2935
slate	2040	black slate	2980
gray lime	2080	lime	2985
slate	2138	black slate	3080
black lime	2143	water, red gravel	3150
white slate	2193	lime; hole full of water	3155
gray lime	2240	conglomerate	3225

Description of samples by J. A. Udden; submitted by E. B. Blackburn; also by D. P. Suplee.

Light gray sandstone with a calcareous matrix and some black shale; some pyrite noted. Most of the sand grains are seen to be angular.

Depth in feet

1750

Ground specimen; many foraminiferal tubules are seen under the hand lens, such as *Ammodiscus* tubes  $3/8$  mm. in diameter, and knotted *Trochammina* tubes. The rock is free from fine sand. In thin section this limestone is seen to contain the remains of many foraminifera in a matrix of granular calcite impregnated with bitumen. *Endothyra*, some valves of ostracods and some thin-walled tubular spines were noted; also some obscure traces of *Bryozoa*.

2595-2625

Grayish-white organic fragmental limestone, in one large fragment showing a fissure filled with asphalt. In thin section some *Trochammina* and other foraminifera were seen. Among other fossils noted were some indistinct fragments of oval forms and pieces of ostracod valves. Calcite in crystalline form is seen to be filling small cavities in the rock. Two very small ostracods with smooth valves.

2630-2660

Hard blue shale containing a small amount of pyrite. Quartz sand. Most sand grains are from one-eighth to one-half mm. in diameter. A few small fragments of a brownish limestone and clay-ironstone present. Upon heating in closed tube, bituminous fumes and fumes of ammonia and sulphur were noted. 2807

Bluish-gray argillaceous sandstone of very fine texture with a calcareous matrix and blue-black noncalcareous shale. In thin section the sandstone is seen to be made up of quartz grains of about 1/16 mm. in diameter. Bituminous fumes and fumes of ammonia were noted upon heating in closed tube. 2870

Note: The general aspect of the limestone as well as of the shale suggests that it comes from the Canyon, higher up than the Bend. JAU., Sept. 1919.

Black shale, gray limestone, some slightly calcareous brown sandstone, a little white and a fine-grained calcareous sandstone. Faint ammonia fumes noted upon heating in closed tube. 2888

Slightly calcareous black shale, some light gray sandstone with a calcareous matrix, and a little limestone. Faint odor of sulphur and fumes of ammonia noted upon heating in closed tube. 2888-2935

Black shale, some white fine-grained calcareous sandstone, and a little brownish granular limestone. When heated in closed tube, faint odor of bitumen and faint fumes of ammonia were noted. 2915

Slightly calcareous very dark shale, some greenish-gray marl, and a little quartz. When heated in closed tube, faint odor of sulphur and faint fumes of ammonia were noted. 2935-3080

Dark greenish-gray and light gray limestone; some pyrite present. In thin section the limestone is seen to contain many organic fragments. A considerable part of the mass of the rock is crystalline. Fragments of brachiopod valves were seen in the limestone. Faint fumes of ammonia noted on heating in closed tube. Apparently Marble Falls limestone. 2950-3080

Slightly calcareous black shale and some gray and brown limestone. In thin section the limestone is seen to be finely granular. An obscure *Ammodiscus* noted. When heated in closed tube, odor of sulphur and faint fumes of ammonia were noted. 3080-3083

Dark brown, blotched shale or clay, gray limestone of fine texture and considerable fine gravel and sand. A few small pieces of green clay of fine waxy texture noted. The gravel consists of yellow, red, and colorless flint and other quartz. In thin section the limestone is seen to be very fine grained. One fragment shows no imbedded organic fragments, while two show obscure traces of sponge spicules, undetermined organic fragments, and crystal clusters like those described in 3165. Megascopically this limestone resembles the upper part of the Ellenburger; but under the microscope it resembles the Bend. It is from a formation not previously recognized in this part of the State. 3150

Depth in feet

Dark brown noncalcareous shale and light gray limestone changing to brown. In thin section the limestone is seen to be finely granular and contains many traces of sponge spicules and scattered fragments of other organic material which are indistinct. There are also present globular geode-like cavities surrounded by a layer of radiating crystalline material. In a few places a layer of radiating crystalline material surrounds what appears to be organic fragments.

3165

Dirty neutral gray, organic fragmental limestone, containing considerable glauconite of a bright green color. Several joints of crinoid stems noted; one Fusulina. In thin section the limestone resembles the coarsely fragmental limestone noted in the Bend. Some straight spicular-like bodies were noted. The rest of the sample, fully two-thirds of the whole, consists of gray shale and dark brown minutely lumpy shale.

3175

Purple, greenish, and dark gray shale, and some gray and white limestone of very fine texture. The limestone was seen to be blotched with purple in one fragment. In thin section some was seen to be finely and evenly granular, some showed indistinct imbedded organic fragments, and some had a blotched texture.

3180

Gray limestone, blotched to purple-gray, splitting along layers. Fusulina is quite common in this limestone. In thin section this is seen to be in part an organic oolite, in which the oolitic grains vary from long tubular bodies to spheres, and in which these have a sharply defined outer bounding layer. In part the limestone is granular and of a blotchy texture, ill-defined under magnification. Both kinds of this limestone contain Fusulina and smaller coiled and chambered foraminifera. The limestone shows occasional bright green glauconite.

3190

Dark purple shale, green slaty shale, both with straight cleavage, dirty greenish-yellow dolomite, of compact fine texture, and a few fragments of white limestone. The limestone in thin section is seen to be of a lumpy nondescript texture and is cut by a stylolitic vein filled with columnar, or fibrous, calcite.

3195

Dark purple and very dark gray shale with mostly rough and uneven fracture.

3200

Mostly angular pieces of red flint with some white flint and some quartz. With this, which is believed to represent a conglomerate, is some red indurated clay containing a few large sand grains and some grains of glauconite. There is also a blue and red shale which splits along straight planes.

3205

Brown, dark dirty green and dark gray shale, with some white, fine-grained limestone and some deep red chert. Rhombopora lepidodendroides present.

3210

Purple and dark gray shale and green shale, with some gray and some white limestone, and considerable yellow impure limestone. The latter in thin section is seen to be finely and evenly granular and to contain a few organic remains. The gray limestone is an organic oolite in which were noted a Fusulina and an Eodothyra and also crinoid stems.

3215

Depth in feet

Brown shale of lumpy texture and speckled with green shale and dark gray shale. The larger part of the sample is red, yellow, brown, and white flint, evidently from a conglomerate. There is also some limestone present.

3225

\*\*It is evident that the Ellenburger has not been reached at the depths given. None of these samples shows any typical sponge spicule rock of the Bend, but some of the sections of limestone resemble the whitest parts of the Marble Falls noted in other wells. A peculiarity of the glauconite in these samples is that it is bright green, differing decidedly in color from the glauconite of the Bend limestones seen in other borings in central Texas. J.A.U.

About equal parts of light gray to pinkish-gray coarsely and in part oolitic crystalline dolomite, reddish-brown sandy shale, and greenish fine-textured shale. Some fragments of chert and worn quartz sand grains present. No fossils were seen. In closed tube strong fumes of ammonia and a faint odor of bitumen noted.

3225-3255

Cream-white dolomite consisting of crystals averaging three-eighths mm. in diameter and containing a few concretions grains several times this diameter. One of these shows a concentric structure on one side while another shows a number of opaque spherules with their external surface covered with short thick ----. These spherules are near one-fortieth mm. in diameter.

3260

White dolomite, reddish-brown, greenish and dark shale, worn sand grains and some pink or salmon-colored chert. A few grains of bright green material resembling glauconite noted. No fossils seen. Sulphur and ammonia fumes noted in closed tube.

3265

\*\*No reliable determinations can be made from these samples. J.A.U.

Cream-colored dolomite. Crystals averaged a tenth mm. in diameter and are seen in thin section to have a purplish or pink-red color. Ellenburger.

3270-3280

Yellowish-gray dolomite. 3280-3290, 3290-3310, 3300-3310

\*\*E.B. Blackburn reports fresh warm water at 3275 feet.