



EXPLANATION

- Agriculture, cultivated land and orchards, significant acreage presently out of cultivation, locally silage crops for grazing, developed predominantly on Pleistocene fluvial-deltaic sand and mud facies
- Range-pasture, uncultivated or permanently removed from crop use, some local silage fields, land use varies adjacent to residential-urban areas, predominantly on Modern barrier-strandplain vegetated flats, Pleistocene delta-front sand and mud, grass- and scrub-covered, Pleistocene fluvial-deltaic sand and mud, Pleistocene barrier-strandplain
- Woodland-timber, water-tolerant hardwoods on floodplains of Modern streams, live-oak mottes chiefly on Pleistocene fluvial-deltaic sands and barrier-strandplain sands, scattered cattle throughout, wildlife locally abundant
- Saline- and brackish-water marsh, locally inundated by tides, water table may be locally above surface, developed on back side of barrier islands, Modern delta plains and bayfill areas, common cordgrass, saltgrass, sacahuista, cattail, bullrush, and other marsh plants, some cattle on drier fringes, abundant wildlife, abundant tidal creeks
- Fresh-water marsh, continually wet floodplains, abandoned channels, and inland parts of Modern deltas, ephemeral in depressions on Pleistocene delta front and delta areas, vegetated with rushes, cattails, and sloughgrass, wildlife locally abundant
- Residential-urban, commercial and residential development, includes metropolitan areas and small rural villages and settlements, may include some minor industrial areas
- Industrial, heavy industrial areas, rail yards, docks, municipal works, refineries, and chemical plants
- Undifferentiated urban land, undeveloped tracts, greenbelts, cemeteries
- Park and recreational facility, formally defined federal, state, and most county and municipal facilities such as ball parks, athletic fields, golf courses, includes some private facilities
- Government land, federal and state, excluding recreational and educational, includes Department of Defense property, major tracts only, may be inactive or abandoned
- General recreational land, public beach between mean low tide and mean high tide along Texas coastline available for recreation, up to 200-foot easement provides most Gulf beaches with access, informal recreational area
- Made land, graded and filled area utilizing spoil or other fill, used for urban-residential and industrial expansion, commonly developed over shallow bay areas or marsh-vegetated barrier flats, reclaimed land
- Spoil, subaerial land resulting from dredging, some waterfowl, locally used for fishing sites, relatively barren areas within coastal marshes
- Barren land commonly sand, mostly on back side of barrier island and Modern delta plain, transitional area between wind-tidal flat and stream floodplain (lighter shade), commonly associated with marsh, some waterfowl
- Oil or gas field
- Education site, public school, college, university
- Pit or quarry, commonly in fluvial terraces and alluvium
- Sludge pit or miscellaneous waste-disposal site, commonly related to oil production, may be abandoned
- Sewage-disposal site, liquid effluent, commonly treatment plant site
- Solid-waste disposal site, sanitary landfill, and open dumps
- Pipeline, major lines only, incomplete
- Offshore petroleum production platform, Gulf of Mexico
- Airfield, paved, graded, or sod
- Artificial reservoir, flood control, municipal water supply, industrial purposes, or recreation

Sources of data given in text

Mapping and cartography by Bureau of Economic Geology
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Sources of data and credit for contributions to maps given in text

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