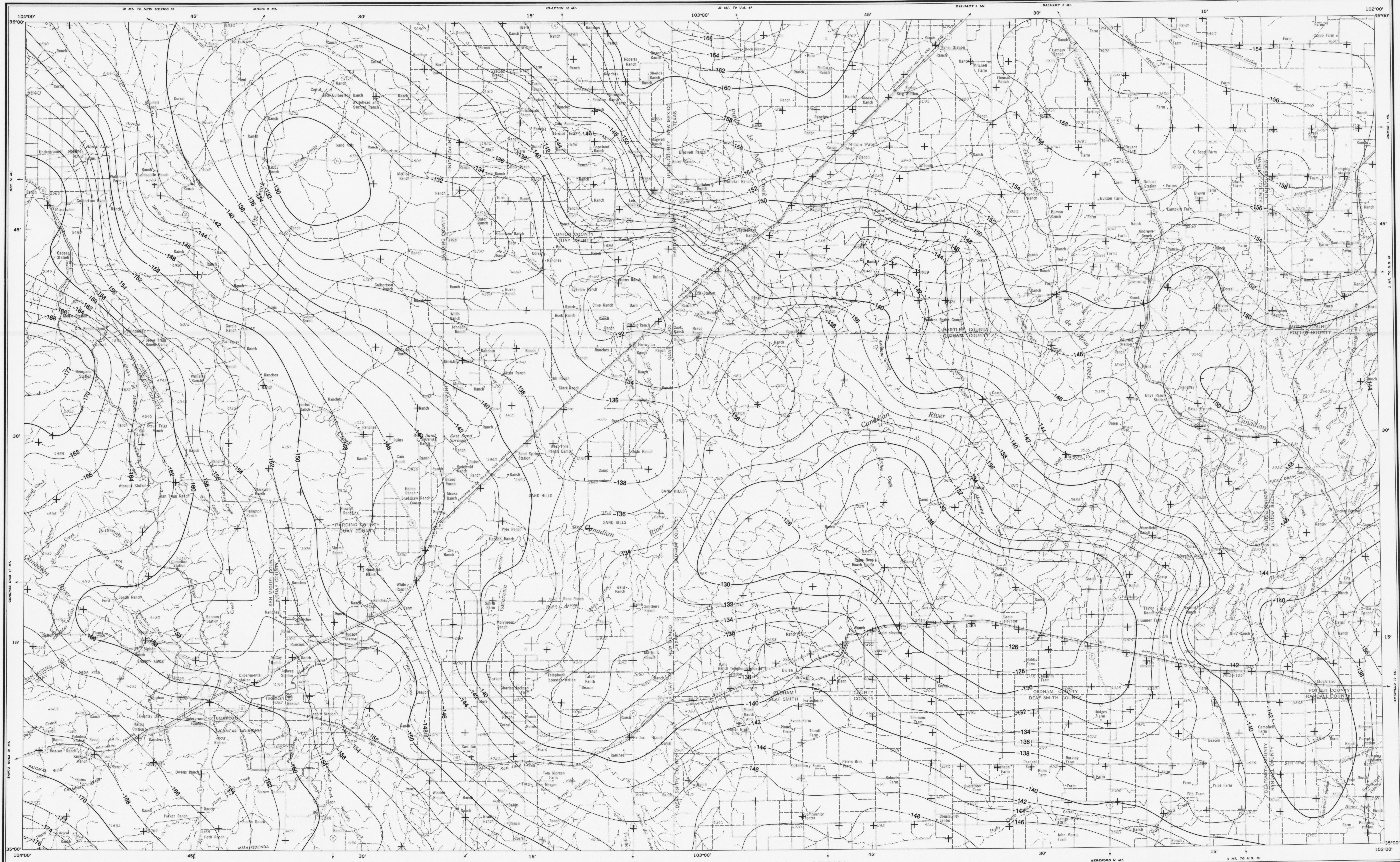


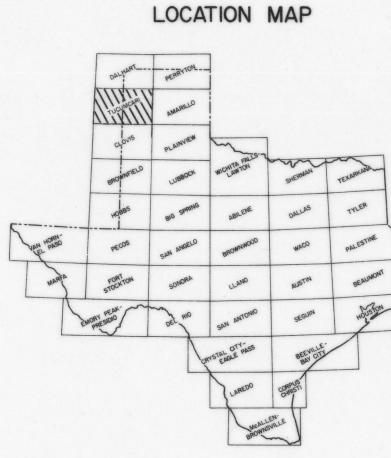
Without the contributions of Mr. Hart Brown and D. H. Shurbet and his students at Texas
Tech University this map would not have been possible.



Prepared by the Army Map Service (BEES), Corps of Engineers, U.S.
Army, Washington, D.C. Compiled in 1955 by photogrammetric methods.
Horizontal and vertical control by USGS & CGS and CE. Aerial photo-
graphy, 1954. Photography field annotated 1954.

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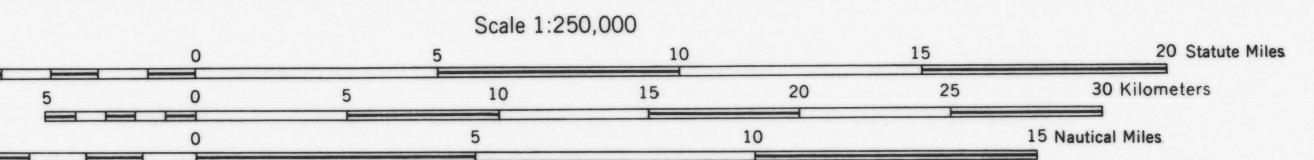
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BOUGUER GRAVITY ATLAS OF TEXAS, TUCUMCARI SHEET

Compiled by: G. R. Keller and C. L. V. Aiken
Assisted by: M. R. Voight and Wayne Basden

1986



1986 MAGNETIC DECLINATION FOR CENTER OF THIS SHEET IS 9°51' EAST. MEAN ANNUAL CHANGE IS 4°38' WESTWARD.

TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION

100,000-meter Universal Transverse Mercator grid ticks, zone 13

+ = approximate location of station points

Major Sources of Data for the Tucumcari Sheet

Defense Mapping Agency: The University of Texas at Dallas; The University of Texas at El Paso; Texas Tech University; Mr. Hart Brown; Shurbet, D. H., 1966. Gravity field and isostatic equilibrium of the Llano Estacado of Texas and New Mexico: Geol. Soc. Am. Bull., v. 77, p. 215-222.

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Sampson, R. J., 1978. Surface II graphics system: Kansas Geological Survey, 240 p.

TEXAS GRAVITY DATA BASE AND REDUCTION PARAMETERS

The data base of gravity readings that made the Texas gravity mapping project possible is the result of the efforts of many individuals and groups. The following is a list of sources of data used in the compilation. Major sources of data for each sheet are indicated in the explanation. However, a particular note of thanks is given to Mr. and Mrs. Hart Brown because the regional data they so generously provided are the foundation of this project. Without these data, the mapping and compilation required would have been impossible.

Data in the Texas gravity data base are carefully edited and maintained in a standard form and are tied to a datum. The IGSN-71 (Morelli, 1976) reference spheroid was used to calculate datum, assuming a density of 2.67 g/cm³. A value of 2.67 g/cm³ was used in the Bouguer correction. For stations west of 103°W longitude, outer-zone terrain corrections were calculated for zones extending from 0.89 km to 167 km from each station (Hammer, 1939).

These calculations employed a terrain correction program written by Plouff (1977) and a set of averaged elevations on a grid interval of 30 km of latitude and longitude. The terrain correction is applied to the results of the reduction of the Bouguer data. These maps are constructed by gridding the data using the minimum curvature technique (Briggs, 1974) and are contoured by using a modified version of the Surface II graphics system (Sampson, 1978).

All gravity data were reduced to Bouguer anomaly values using the following formulas:

$$BA = G_{\text{obs}} - G_{\text{th}} + C_{\text{PA}} + (C_{\text{Gauss}} + C_{\text{Curv}} + C_{\text{Corr}})^{\rho}$$

where

$$BA = \text{Bouguer anomaly}$$

ρ' = Ratio of reduction density to the standard value of 2.67 g/cm³

G_{obs} = Observed gravity, in milligals, relative to the IGSN-71 gravity datum (Morelli, 1976)

G_{th} = Theoretical gravity on the surface (sea level) of the 1967 reference spheroid: $= 97803.843 + \sigma (15727.66 + \sigma (-15762.337 + \sigma (-1089.748 + \sigma (69.43))))$, $\sigma = 0.0001^{\circ}$, σ = latitude in degrees (International Association of Geodesy, 1967; see Morelli, 1976)

C_{PA} = Free-air correction for the elevation of the station relative to sea level: $= -0.000277 + \sigma (0.00013398 + \sigma (0.0013553 + \sigma (-0.000529 + \sigma (0.000091))))$

C_{Gauss} = Bouguer correction for rock mass positioned between the station and sea level: Correction is calculated from the formula for the attraction of an infinite horizontal slab of thickness h and density ρ to obtain the equation: $C_{\text{Gauss}} = -0.119h$

C_{Curv} = Curvature correction, a modification of the Bouguer slab approximation that corrects for the curvature of the Earth's surface: $= -h (1.4639108 \times 10^{-7} + h (3.532715 \times 10^{-7} + h (4.449648 \times 10^{-8})))$

C_{Corr} = Correction for local topography